PHYZSPRINGBOARD: SERIES CIRCUITS



Electric Quantites

1. A simple circuit—such as a battery, bulb, and wire—can be characterized by the voltage, current, resistance, and power associated with it. What happens to these quantities when more and more resistors (bulbs or other electric devices) are connected to the circuit in **series**? Before answering, write the names of each quantity described below.

a. <u>Current</u>: the rate at which charge flows. (By convention, it is said to flow from the positive terminal of the battery to the negative terminal.)

 b.
 Power
 : the rate at which energy is used or converted.

 c.
 Resistance
 : the extent to which an object obstructs the flow of electric charge.

d. ______ Voltage _____: the amount of energy stored in each unit of charge.

2. How is each of these quantities related to characteristics of the slide?



Comparative Slidology



6. What characteristic—if any—do both resistors in a series circuit always have in common? ___Voltage $\sqrt{Current}$ ___Resistance Power

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