

# PhyzGuide: Mirror Measures & Eqns

**REAL SIDE OF MIRROR**  
focal length, object distance, and image distance are **positive** in front of the mirror

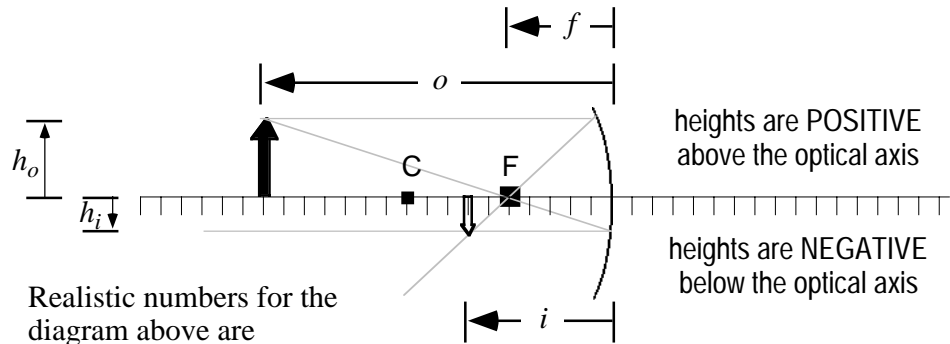
**VIRTUAL SIDE OF MIRROR**  
focal length and image distance are **negative** behind the mirror

## A. CONVERGING MIRRORS (aka concave, positive mirrors)

FOR ALL MIRRORS

**PLACES**  
F = focal point  
C = center

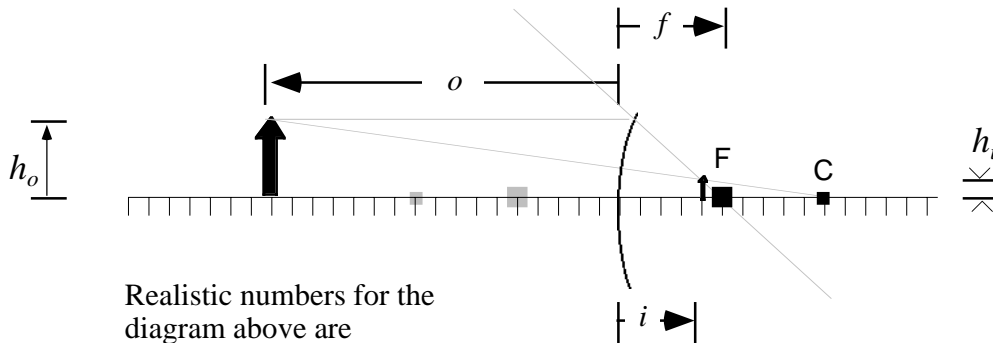
**DISTANCES**  
 $f$  = focal length =  $r/2$   
 $r$  = center length =  $2f$   
 $o$  = object distance  
 $i$  = image distance  
 $h_o$  = object height  
 $h_i$  = image height



Realistic numbers for the diagram above are

$f = +5.0\text{cm}$      $r = +10.0\text{cm}$   
 $o = +17.0\text{cm}$      $i = +7.1\text{cm}$   
 $h_o = +4.0\text{cm}$      $h_i = -1.7\text{cm}$

## B. DIVERGING MIRRORS (aka convex, negative mirrors)



Realistic numbers for the diagram above are

$f = -5.0\text{cm}$      $r = -10.0\text{cm}$   
 $o = +17.0\text{cm}$      $i = -3.9\text{cm}$   
 $h_o = +4.0\text{cm}$      $h_i = +0.9\text{cm}$

### IMPORTANT MIRROR EQUATIONS

**Image** distance, **object** distance and **focal** distance are related by the equation.....

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{o} + \frac{1}{i}$$

The **image height** is related to the **object height** by this expression. The negative sign indicates whether or not the image will be erect or inverted.....

$$\frac{h_i}{h_o} = \frac{-i}{o}$$

The **magnification** factor of a mirror is defined as.....

$$m = \frac{h_i}{h_o} = \frac{-i}{o}$$